

Safety Data Sheet

50ppm Ammonia, 18% VOL Oxygen; balance Nitrogen

Ideal Calibrations, LLC 2750 Oakwood Blvd. Melvindale, MI 48122 (734) 956-0539 http://www.idealcalibrations.com/

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Ideal Calibrations, LLC

2750 Oakwood Blvd. Melvindale, MI 48122 (734) 956-0539 http://www.idealcalibrations.com/

Product Code: 50ppm Ammonia, 18% VOL Oxygen; balance Nitrogen

Part Number: 0617

Synonyms:

Recommended Use: Calibration of gas detection devices

Usage Restrictions: Do not use if current date is past expiration date on cylinder

Section 2: Hazards Identification



Hazard Classification:

Eve Effects (Category 1) Gases Under Pressure Specific target organ toxicity (Single Exposure) (Category 3)

Hazard Statements:

Causes serious eve damage Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated May cause respiratory irritation;

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/ vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection.

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Response:

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

page 1 of 7 Ideal Calibrations, LLC Generated by the SDS Manager from AsteRisk, LLC. All Rights Reserved Date of Preparation: 01/16/2023 12:06:52

Storage:

Store locked up.

Protect from sunlight.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Dispose of contents and/or container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS#	Concentration
Anhydrous Ammonia	7664-41-7	0.0005
Oxygen	7782-44-7	18
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	81.9995

	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Anhydrous	AMMONIA,	Inorganic	ANHYDROUS AMMONIA; AMMONIA GAS; AMMONIA; SPIRIT OF
Ammonia	ANHYDROUS	gases	HARTSHORN; AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS, LIQUIFIED; UN 1005; H3N
Oxygen	OXYGEN,	Inorganic	OXYGEN; DIOXYGEN; MOLECULAR OXYGEN; OXYGEN MOLECULE; PURE
	COMPRESSED GAS	gases	OXYGEN; UN 1072; O2
Nitrogen	NITROGEN,	Inorganic	DIATOMIC NITROGEN; DINITROGEN; NITROGEN-14;
_	COMPRESSED GAS	gases	NITROGEN GAS; UN 1066; N2

Section 4: First Aid Measures

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Anhydrous Ammonia	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get immediate medical attention. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Gas: Not a likely route of exposure	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention. Wear personal protective equipment if gas still present.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Oxygen	None expected	None expected	Not likely route of exposure	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	None
Nitrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Madia	Draduata of	Protection of Firefighters
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of	Protection of Firefighters
	O	_
	Combustion	

Ideal Calibrations, LLC page 2 of 7 Date of Preparation: 01/16/2023 12:06:52

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Anhydrous Ammonia	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Nitrogen dioxide, ammonium nitrate	 Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply, with full-body encapsulating, chemical protective suit. Wear protective gear with respiratory support.
Oxygen	Non-flammable. Use extinguishing agent appropriate for the material which is burning. Use water in large quantities for fires involving oxygen.	Oxides of burning material	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. None
Nitrogen	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Anhydrous Ammonia	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuation radius: 150 feet.	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Do not get water directly on material. Do not get water inside container. Trap spilled material at bottom in deep water pockets, excavated holding areas or within sand bag barriers.
Oxygen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid contact with combustible materials.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Nitrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Anhydrous Ammonia	Small spills: Flood with water. Large spills: Dike for later disposal. Collect spilled material using mechanical equipment. Dike for later disposal. Add dilute acid. Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect runoff for disposal as potential hazardous waste. Do not direct water at source of leak of liquid ammonia.	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
Oxygen	Stop leak and ventilate	None
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A

Section 7: Handling and Storage

	Handling	Storage
Anhydrous Ammonia	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier.
Oxygen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure	Guidelines
----------	------------

	Exposure Guidelines
Anhydrous Ammonia	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS: 50 ppm (35 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 35 ppm (27 mg/m3) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 25 ppm ACGIH TWA 35 ppm ACGIH STEL 25 ppm (18 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 35 ppm (27 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended STEL
Oxygen	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: No occupational exposure limits established.
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)

Engineering Controls

Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Anhydrous Ammonia	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply, with full-body encapsulating, chemical protective suit.
Oxygen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

General Hygiene considerations

- Avoid breathing vapor or mist
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin
- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Anhydrous Ammonia	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas, liquid	Pungent odor	N/A
Oxygen	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Nitrogen	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Anhydrous Ammonia	Not available			1204 F (651 C)	0.28	0.15
Oxygen	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Nitrogen	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рН	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosity
Anhydrous Ammonia	-27 F (- 33 C)	-108 F (- 78 C)	6658 mmHg @ 21 C	0.5967 (Air=1)	Not applicable (gas); 0.682 @ - 33.4 C (liquefied gas)	38% @ 20 C	11.6 (1.0 N solution)	1-5 ppm	Not applicable	0.255 mPa.s (0.255 centipoises) @ -33.5 C (liquefied gas)
Oxygen	-297 F (-183 C)	-360 F (- 218 C)	760 mmHg @ -183 C	1.1 (Air=1)	Not applicable	3.2% @ 25 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.02075 cP @ 25 C
Nitrogen	-321 F (-196 C)	-346 F (- 210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applicable	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Anhydrous Ammonia	17.03	N-H3	0.7067 g/L @ 25 C	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Methanol, ethanol, chloroform, ether, organic solvents
Oxygen	31.9988	O2	1.309 g/L @ 25 C	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol

Ideal Calibrations, LLC Generated by the SDS Manager from AsteRisk, LLC. All Rights Reserved

page 4 of 7

Date of Preparation: 01/16/2023 12:06:52

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Nitrogen	28.0134	N2	1.2506 g/L	Not	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia
				available			

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Anhydrous	Stable at normal	Stable at normal	Acids, combustible materials, metals, oxidizing materials, metal
Ammonia	temperatures and pressure.	temperatures and pressure.	salts, halo carbons, halogens, amines, reducing agents, cyanides, bases
Oxygen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, halo carbons, metals, bases, reducing agents, amines, metal salts, oxidizing materials, alkaline earth and alkali metals
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Anhydrous Ammonia	Ammonia, oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.
Oxygen	Miscellaneous decomposition products	Will not polymerize.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Anhydrous Ammonia	2000 ppm/4 hour(s) inhalation-rat LC50	Not established	Burns, severe irritant, pulmonary edema at concentrations over 1500 ppm
Oxygen	Not established	Not established	Irritation, changes in body temperature, nausea, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, mood swings, pain in extremities, tremors, lung congestion, convulsions
Nitrogen	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Anhydrous Ammonia	Burns, blindness	Burns, liquefied gas can cause frostbite	Acute toxicity, Category 3, inhalation; H331: Toxic if inhaled. Skin corrosion, Category 1B; H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Oxygen	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	No significant target effects reported.
Nitrogen	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing

Chronic Effects

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Developmental Effects
Anhydrous Ammonia	Not listed	Available.	Not established	No data
Oxygen	Not known.	Available.	Available.	No data
Nitrogen	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

Fate and Transport

	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Anhydrous	Fish toxicity: Acute LC50 0.88 mg/L 96 hour(s)	Not available	Not available	Not available

Ideal Calibrations, LLC page 5 of 7
Generated by the SDS Manager from AsteRisk, LLC. All Rights Reserved Date of Preparation: 01/16/2023 12:06:52

Ammonia	Orangethroat; 1600 ug/L 96 hour(s) LC50 (Mortality) Common jollytail (Galaxias maculatus) Invertibrate toxicity: 7700 ug/L 96 hour(s) LC50 (Immobilization) Ark shell (Anadara granosa) Algal toxicity: 2100-2300 ug/L NR hour(s) (Abundance) Algae, phytoplankton, algal mat (Algae) Phyto toxicity: 16500 ug/L 30 hour(s) (Abundance) Common water-nymph (Najas guadalupensis) Other toxicity: Not available			
Oxygen	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Low bioaccumulation	Not available
Nitrogen	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Anhydrous Ammonia	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Oxygen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Information For This Mixture

BOT IIIIOTTIALIOTT OF THIS WIXLUIC				
Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)			
UN Number	UN1956			
Hazard Class	2.2			
Hazard Information	Non-Flammable Gas			

Individual Component Information

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
Anhydrous Ammonia	Ammonia, anhydrous	UN1005	2.2, 2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 8	Forbidden	Forbidden	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone D
Oxygen	Oxygen, compressed	UN1072	2.2	Not available	2.2; 5.1	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A
Nitrogen	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
Anhydrous Ammonia	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS; or ANHYDROUS AMMONIA	UN1005	2.3; 8	Not applicable
Oxygen	Oxygen, compressed	UN1072	2.2; 5.1	Not applicable
Nitrogen	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable

Ideal Calibrations, LLC page 6 of 7 Date of Preparation: 01/16/2023 12:06:52

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40
Anhydrous Ammonia	100 LBS RQ	500 LBS TPQ	100 LBS RQ
Oxygen	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

SARA 370.21

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Anhydrous Ammonia	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Oxygen	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
Nitrogen	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

SARA 372.65

Anhydrous Ammonia	AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS
Oxygen	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety

Anhydrous Ammonia	10000 LBS TQ	
Oxygen	Not regulated.	
Nitrogen	Not regulated.	

State Regulations

	CA Proposition 65
Anhydrous Ammonia	Not regulated.
Oxygen	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

Canadian Regulations

	WHMIS Classification
Anhydrous Ammonia	A, B1, D1A, E
Oxygen	A,C
Nitrogen	Α

National Inventory Status

	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Anhydrous Ammonia	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Oxygen	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Nitrogen	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.

Section 16: Other Information

	NFPA Rating
Anhydrous Ammonia	HEALTH=3 FIRE=1 REACTIVITY=0
Oxygen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=OX
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA

0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard